# Introduction to Data Science GIRI NARASIMHAN, SCIS, FIU 

## APRIORI Algorithm

Frequent Itemses (MinSup 20\%)
Almonds, Beer, Cheese, Dogfood, Eggs, Fruit, Gree

| TID | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 2 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 3 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |
| 4 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 5 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 7 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 9 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |
| 10 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 11 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 12 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |
| 14 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 17 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |
| 18 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 19 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
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| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 17 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |
| 18 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 19 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | ${ }^{1}$ |
| 20 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |

# Central Observation: If a set $X$ of items is frequent, then so is every subset of $X$. 

Monotonicity Property

## Implication of Monotonicity

- Example: If \{beer, cheese\} is not frequent, then no need to consider set \{beer, cheese, dogfood\}
- We don't have to consider any sets with an infrequent subset
- We consider subsets in the order of increasing size and all of whose subsets are frequent
- Once a subset is eliminated, all its supersets are removed from consideration


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## Iteration 1

- Find all frequent subsets of size 1
- It turns out that all subsets of size 1 are frequent with support $20 \%$
- $L_{1}=\{\{A\},\{B\},\{C\},\{D\},\{E\},\{F\},\{G\}\}$


## Iteration 2

- Generate all possible subsets of size 2 from $L_{1}$
- $C_{2}=\{\{a, b\},\{a, c\},\{a, d\},\{a, e\},\{a, f\},\{a, g\},\{b, c\}$, $\{b, d\},\{b, e\},\{b, f\},\{b, g\},\{c, d\},\{c, e\},\{c, f\},\{c, g\}$, $\{d, e\},\{d, f\},\{d, g\},\{e, f\},\{e, g\},\{f, g\}\}$
- Identify those with minimum support of $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$
- $L_{2}=\{\{a, c\},\{a, d\},\{c, d\},\{c, e\},\{c, f\}\}$


## Iteration 3

- Generate all possible subsets of size 3 from $L_{2}$
- Remember that $L_{2}=\{\{a, c\},\{a, d\},\{c, d\},\{c, e\},\{c, f\}\}$
- $C_{3}=\{\{a, c, d\},\{c, d, e\},\{c, d, f\},\{c, e, f\}\}$
$\square$ We can prune $\{c, d, e\}$ since $\{d, e\}$ is not in $L 2$
- We can prune $\{c, d, f\}$ since $\{d, f\}$ is not in $L 2$
- We can prune $\{c, e, f\}$ since $\{e, f\}$ is not in $L 2$
- Identify remaining subsets with minimum support of $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$
- $L_{3}=\{\{a, c, d\}\}=\{\{a l m o n d s$, cheese, dogfood $\}$


## Iteration 4

- Generate all possible subsets of size 4 from $L_{3}$
- Remember that $L_{3}=\{\{a, c, d\}\}$
- $C_{4}=\{ \}$
- $L_{4}=\{ \}$
- STOP!
- Only one frequent itemset: \{Almonds, Cheese, Dogfood\}


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| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 17 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |
| 18 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 19 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | $1$ |
| 20 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |

## Association Rule

- A useful rule is one that says, if you buy almonds and dogfood, then you are likely to buy cheese as well.
a "Diaper-Beer" rule
- Confidence: Confidence of an Association Rule is the percentage of applicable rules where the rule is true
- Rule: if $X$ then $Y$
- Confidence: \#(X and Y) / \#(X)
- Confidence of "If almonds and dogfood, then cheese" is ?
- $80 \%$ or 0.8


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## Other Applications

- Word Frequency Count
- Patterns in biomolecular sequences
- ...


## Patterns

| Loc | Protein <br> Name | Helix 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Turn |  |  |  | Helix 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 14 | Cro | F | G | Q | E | K | T | A | K | D | L | G | V | Y | Q | S | A | 1 | N | K | A | I | H |
| 16 | 434 Cro | M | T | Q | T | E | L | A | T | K | A | G | V | K | Q | Q | S | I | Q | L | I | E | A |
| 11 | P22 Cro | G | T | Q | $R$ | A | V | A | K | A | L | G | 1 | S | D | A | A | V | S | Q | W | K | E |
| 31 | Rep | L | S | Q | E | S | V | A | D | K | M | G | M | G | Q | S | G | V | G | A | L | F | N |
| 16 | 434 Rep | L | N | Q | A | E | L | A | Q | K | V | G | T | T | Q | Q | S | I | E | Q | L | E | N |
| 19 | P22 Rep | I | R | Q | A | A | L | G | K | M | V | G | V | S | N | V | A | 1 | S | Q | W | E | R |
| 24 | CII | L | G | T | E | K | T | A | E | A | $V$ | G | V | D | K | S | Q | I | S | R | W | K | R |
| 4 | LacR | V | T | L | Y | D | V | A | E | Y | A | G | V | S | Y | Q | T | V | S | R | V | V | N |
| 167 | CAP | I | T | R | Q | E | I | G | Q | I | V | G | C | S | R | E | T | V | G | R | 1 | L | K |
| 66 | TrpR | M | S | Q | R | E | L | K | N | E | L | G | A | G | I | A | T | I | T | R | G | S | N |
| 22 | BlaA Pv | L | N | F | T | K | A | A | L | E | L | Y | V | T | Q | G | A | V | S | Q | Q | V | R |
| 23 | TrpI Ps | N | S | V | S | Q | A | A | E | Q | L | H | V | T | H | G | A | V | S | R | Q | L | K |

## Q1 G9 N20 <br> - A5 G9 V10 I15

## Candidates generation



