AP® Computer Science A
Syllabus 1

Overview of AP® Computer Science A

Computer Facilities
Our classroom is also our lab—we find this to be very conducive to learning. We have our computers around the outside of the room, with the center set up in a traditional classroom fashion. Our lab and the labs around campus are managed and maintained by a full-time tech staff. They save us countless hours and ensure that we are up and running 100 percent of the time. This course is on a tight schedule; any downtime during lab is extremely detrimental to student learning. Students do work during lunch and after school as well.

Texts

GridWorld Case Study. The College Board, 2006.


Syllabus at a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Topic</th>
<th>Week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Karel J. Robot</td>
<td>0–7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Java Basics</td>
<td>8–10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GridWorld Part 1</td>
<td>11–12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GridWorld Part 2</td>
<td>13–15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrays and ArrayList</td>
<td>16–18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quadratic Sorts and Linear/Binary Search</td>
<td>19–21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mergesort</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GridWorld Parts 3 and 4</td>
<td>23–26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review</td>
<td>27–29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Course Outline [C2]

Weeks 1–7

Introduction to the principal concepts in computer science using Karel J. Robot.

Objectives [C4] [C5]
- Become familiar with the computer lab, accounts, and an IDE
- Understand object-oriented programming and top-down design/refinement of individual tasks
- Basic class structure including instance variables, local variables, parameter passing, scope, public/private visibility, use of super
- Sequence, selection, and iteration
- Recursion
- Inheritance and polymorphism, overriding methods
- java.lang.Math.random(), RandNumGenerator
- Analyze, design, code, and test software
- Error categorization/correction

Teaching Strategies
I teach computer science concepts so that students have immediate visual feedback—at least in the beginning. They will truly understand what they have done right and wrong because they can see it. Students should not lose sight of computer science as they examine the details of the computer language. This undertaking is not too difficult since algorithms that solve a variety of robot tasks are both plentiful and provocative, as are the topics of study associated with them. I emphasize for creativity and imagination to be their guides. My goal for students is to be enjoying computer science at the level that it is most inspiring—the conceptual level.

References/Readings
Karel J. Robot and many other related ideas at the author’s site.

Java Methods A & AB, selected readings from Chapters 2, 7, and 8

Sample daily schedule, PowerPoint presentations, homework, labs, and review exercises http://www.apcomputerscience.com

Assignments/Labs
- See the daily schedule, which includes homework assignments, labs, review exercises, PowerPoint presentations, and tests.
  www.apcomputerscience.com
Weeks 8–10

Java basics

Objectives [C6] [C8]

- Source, bytecode, compilers, interpreters, Java virtual machine, platform independence
- Computer software and hardware components, operating systems
- Basic logic gates (optional) and computer numbering systems
- Assignment statement, primitive data types
- Arithmetic operators, ArithmeticException, precedence, casting/promotion
- java.lang.Math (abs, pow, sqrt, random), static methods
- Parameter passing terminology and concepts
- String class, object references, aliasing
- Selection in more detail
- Object is the superclass of all superclasses, overriding toString()
- Interfaces

Teaching Strategies

Classroom discussions on topics of processors, peripherals, and system software are ongoing throughout the course. Students discuss and identify major components and how they interact. They will become familiar with the operations of the hardware and software available in our school and be able to distinguish between a single-user system and a network. It is expected that all students will adhere to the Acceptable Users’ Policy given by our district. I introduce interfaces by providing one for students and having them write a couple of classes that implement the interface. In this manner, I am giving their lab/class its basic structure, providing a lab specification, especially if it contains Javadoc. It’s also a way to automate testing their labs. I am guaranteeing that the students’ classes all have the same method signatures, enabling to easily test all of their methods.

References/Readings

*Java Methods A and AB*, Chapters 1, 3, 5, 6, and 7

Jamtester, JUnit, and unit testing [www.jamtester.com](http://www.jamtester.com)

Assignments/Labs

- *Java Methods A and AB*, selected exercises and labs from chapters 1, 3, 5, 6, and 7

- Polygon lab with unit testing
Weeks 11-12

Introduction to the GridWorld Case Study

Objectives  [C3] [C7] [C9]
- Part 1 of GridWorld Case Study
- Creating projects and running the GridWorld Case Study
- Black-box testing
- Computer ethics and social implications

Teaching Strategies
The GridWorld Case Study can be sliced into byte-sized pieces by incorporating some of the classes as early as possible in the course. I don’t initially tell the students that the Case Study exists, I simply make them comfortable using libraries and objects and writing and designing object-oriented code. As they are mastering these tasks, they are also mastering important AP concepts. This subtle instruction of AP topics is relatively painfree for the students, who will remain happily oblivious to a task that they might have otherwise perceived as difficult. I require that the lab be fault-tolerant, that is, handle incorrect data entered by the user, so I give them additional practice with selection, iteration, and string and primitive comparisons and conversions.

A good place to begin talking about computer ethics is when we begin the case study. The students will immediately notice that each source file contains a statement referring to GNU licensing. From there I introduce them to both the ACM and IEEE and their published Codes of Ethics. Dr. Jody Paul has an excellent site listing many links that will help to facilitate thought and discussion among teachers and students.

References/Readings
GridWorld Case Study (required material for the AP Exam)

Dr. Jody Paul  www.jodypaul.com/SWE/ethics.html

Assignments/Labs
- Java Methods A & AB, Chapter 10 (Strings) and Chapter 14 (Streams and Files—with Java 5.0’s new Scanner class)
Weeks 13–15
GridWorld Part 2

Objectives  
[C3] Intercommunicating objects  
[C4] Inheritance  
[C5] Interfaces (Comparable, Locatable) and Abstract classes  
[C4] Array basics  
[C5] Data structure design and selection

Teaching Strategies
In order for the students to get a grasp on how the objects communicate with one another, I facilitate a scripted role-playing exercise. This is an effective way to enable students to see the big picture without looking at too much code. Seeing and acting out the object responsibilities will help students internalize the complex intercommunication. I like to be creative and let everyone have fun with it. Professor Levine shows how to use role-plays.

References/Readings
GridWorld Part 2

Java Methods A & AB, Chapters 9 and 11

Assignments/Labs
- Exercise sets in Part 2 of the GridWorld Case Study
Weeks 16-18
Arrays and ArrayList

Objectives
[C3] [C4] [C5] [C6]
- Declaring, constructing, initializing, and indexing arrays/ArrayList
- Storing primitives and objects in arrays/ArrayList
- Traversing, inserting, deleting array/ArrayList elements
- Passing arrays/ArrayList to methods
- Wrapper classes—Double, Integer
- Casting, ClassCastException, ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
- Java 5.0’s Generics
- Java 5.0’s enhanced for loop

Teaching Strategies
Students took a quick look at arrays in the last section while working with Parts 2 and 3 of the GridWorld Case Study. Now we go into it in depth. The first few labs in this section are small and focused, used for practicing simple array traversals, insertions, and deletions. I keep it simple at this point and not embed array concepts within too many object-oriented concepts. Afterward, I then introduce them to some object-oriented GUI labs to give them even more practice with arrays and ArrayLists.

References/Readings
Java Methods A & AB, Chapter 12

Assignments/Labs
- Misc Array Methods lab, Mode and Histogram lab (based on 2000 AP exam question)
- Java Methods A & AB, Chapter 12 exercises and labs
Weeks 19–21
Quadratic Sorts and Linear/Binary Searching

Objectives  [C3] [C4] [C5]
• Insertion and selection sorts
• Sequential versus binary searching
• Introduction to some friendly Big-Oh ideas
• Recursion revisited

Teaching Strategies
While working with the traditional sorts and searches, I introduce some simple Big-Oh concepts and counting. Big-Oh is not part of the AP CS A Exam, but the counting of statements being executed is a part. I have the students count comparisons done while sorting and then graph the results. We discover why comparisons/operations relevant to the dataset size are used as a benchmark as opposed to execution speed. I also use the algorithms that they have studied up to now (e.g., reading data, common array algorithms) into their respective Big-Oh family. This is a good place to work recursion back into the course, since I we can explore further how the linear and binary searches can be written both iteratively and recursively.

References/Readings
Java Methods A & AB, Chapters 4 and 13

Big-Oh handout

The xSortLab Applet  http://math.hws.edu/TMCM/java/xSortLab

Assignments/Labs
• Worksheets and sample source code—sorting, searching, recursion, counting iterations, analysis

• Java Methods A & AB, Chapters 4 and 13 for lab ideas
Week 22
Mergesort

Objectives
- Mergesort
- Recursion
- (optional) java.util.Arrays and java.util.Collections

Teaching Strategies
Students will gain additional practice with arrays as they explore the nontrivial task of merging two sorted lists. In addition, students will once again see a comparison between a recursive and nonrecursive solution to an algorithm. Now that the students have had a chance to play with all of the sorts and searches in the AP curriculum, I like to introduce them to two more powerful and fun classes, java.util.Arrays and java.util.Collections. By this time in the course the students are quite adept at reading an API; this gives them a bit more practice.

References/Readings
*Java Methods A & AB, Chapter 13*

Assignments/Labs
- *Java Methods A & AB, Chapter 13 exercises and labs*
**Weeks 23-26**

GridWorld Parts 3 and 4

**Objectives**  
[C3] [C4] [C5] [C6]
- Inheritance and polymorphism
- Data structure/algorith selection and design
- Feeling very comfortable with the Case Study

By this point in the year, students have an excellent knowledge of the Java language and object-oriented principles and can dive (pun intended) into these last chapters and have fun. Culminating the year with the Case Study is helpful because it will be fresh in their mind while taking the AP Exam. This is a great time to give students more practice with selecting and designing data structures and algorithms on their own. Within the context of the GridWorld Case Study there are a plethora of lab ideas that will help them further hone in their data structure and algorithm design skills. The main idea is to have them working within the many classes and to become extremely comfortable with where things are at and how they work.

**References/Readings**

GridWorld Case Study Parts 3 and 4

**Assignments/Labs**
- Exercise sets in Parts 3 and 4 of the GridWorld Case Study
- Selected labs for GridWorld

**Weeks 27–29**

Review

**Objectives**
- Ensure students know what is coming on the AP Exam
- Earn a 5 on the AP Exam