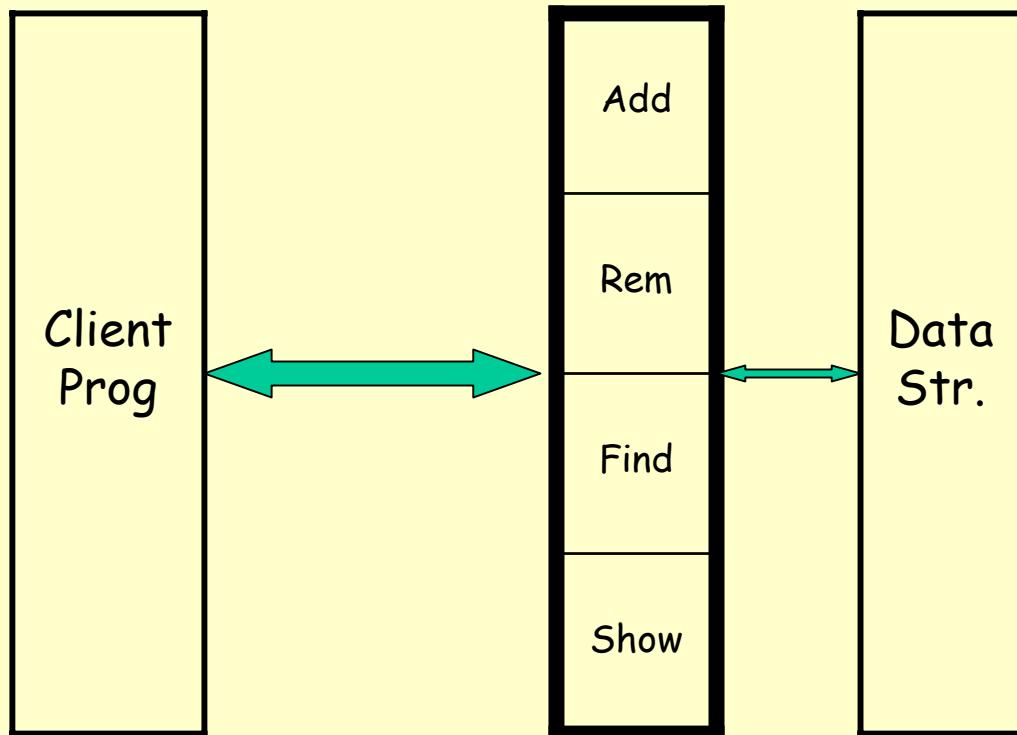


# Abstract Data Types



# Linear Lists

- It is an ordered collection of elements.
- Lists have items, size or length.
- Elements may have an index.
- Main operations:
  - isEmpty(), size(),
  - get(idx), indexOf(elem),
  - remove(idx), add(idx, elem),
  - display()
- Java's linear lists:
  - `java.util.ArrayList` and `java.util.LinkedList`.

# Useful List Operations

- Return item from position  $j$
- Search for item  $x$
- Add (anywhere)
- Insert at position  $j$ ; Insert at position 0 (or size-1)
- Add before (after) item  $x$
- Remove any item
- Remove item in position  $j$ ; Remove last (first) item
- Remove item  $x$
- Search for item  $x$  in sorted list
- Add (remove) to (from) sorted list (item  $x$  or position  $j$ )
- Max, Min, Concatenate, Sort, Sum, Average, Etc.

**Generic Operations:** `get(idx)`, `set(idx, x)`, `iterator(pos)`

# Using Iterators

- Why use them?
- Compare these 2 pieces of code:
  - `for (int j = 0; j < A.size(); j++)`  
`visit(A.get(j))`
  - `iterator h = A.iterator();`  
`while (h.hasNext())`  
`visit(h.next());`
- Which one is better? Why?

```
// Fig 6.16,6.17, pg 201, 202
package weiss.util;
```

```
public interface List
    extends Collection
{
    Object get( int idx );
    Object set( int idx,
                Object newVal );
    ListIterator listIterator( int pos );
}
```

```
public interface ListIterator
    extends Iterator
{
    boolean hasPrevious();
    Object previous();
    void remove();
}
```

01/30/03

```
class TestArrayList // Fig 6.18, pg 203
{
    public static void main( String [ ] args )
    {
        ArrayList lst = new ArrayList( );
        lst.add( "2" ); lst.add( "4" );
        ListIterator itr1 = lst.listIterator( 0 );
        System.out.print( "Forward: " );
        while( itr1.hasNext() )
            System.out.print( itr1.next() + " " );
        System.out.println( );

        System.out.print( "Backward: " );
        while( itr1.hasPrevious() )
            System.out.print( itr1.previous() + " " );
        System.out.println( );

        System.out.print( "Backward: " );
        ListIterator itr2 = lst.listIterator( lst.size( ) );
        while( itr2.hasPrevious() )
            System.out.print( itr2.previous() + " " );
        System.out.println( );
    }
}
```

# Caveats about iterators

- Consider, for e.g. the following problem: Delete all students that have dropped the class (have the drop flag ON) from the class roster.

```
Iterator itr = c.iterator();
while (itr.hasNext() && (dropped(itr))
    remove(itr);
```

- What item is “current” if it has been “removed”.
- What happens if we are within a “for-loop”?
  - Removal might change for-loop bounds.

```
// pg 205
package weiss.util;

public class LinkedList extends AbstractCollection implements List
{
    public void addFirst( Object x )
    public void addLast( Object x )
    public Object getFirst( )
    public Object getLast( )
    public Object removeFirst( )
    public Object removeLast( )
}
```

---

```
package weiss.util; // Fig 6.9-10, pg 192-4.
```

```
public interface Collection  
    extends java.io.Serializable  
{  
    int size( );  
    boolean isEmpty( );  
    boolean contains( Object x );  
    boolean add( Object x );  
    boolean remove( Object x );  
    void clear( );  
    Iterator iterator( );  
    Object [ ] toArray( );  
}
```

```
public interface Iterator  
{  
    boolean hasNext( );  
    Object next( );  
    void remove( );  
}
```

```
// Fig 6.16,6.17, pg 201-2
```

```
package weiss.util;  
  
public interface List  
    extends Collection  
{  
    Object get( int idx );  
    Object set( int idx,  
                Object newVal );  
    ListIterator listIterator( int pos );  
}  
  
public interface ListIterator  
    extends Iterator  
{  
    boolean hasPrevious( );  
    Object previous( );  
    void remove( );  
}
```

```
package weiss.util; // Fig 15.10, pg 501
public abstract class AbstractCollection
    implements Collection
{
    public boolean isEmpty( ) { return size( ) == 0; }
    public void clear( ) {
        Iterator itr = iterator( );
        while( itr.hasNext( ) ) {
            itr.next( );
            itr.remove( );
        }
    }
    public Object [ ] toArray( ) { /* not shown */ }
    public boolean contains( Object x ) {
        if( x == null ) return false;
        Iterator itr = iterator( );
        while( itr.hasNext( ) )
            if( x.equals( itr.next( ) ) ) return true;
        return false;
    }
    public boolean remove( Object x ) {
        if( x == null ) return false;
        Iterator itr = iterator( );
        while( itr.hasNext( ) )
            if( x.equals( itr.next( ) ) ) {
                itr.remove( );
                return true;
            }
        return false;
    }
}
```

# How to insert into a an array list

```
public class ArrayList  
    extends AbstractCollection  
    implements List  
{  
    private Object [ ] theItems;  
    private int theSize;  
    // ••• Other stuff here  
}
```

```
// Insert at end of list  
theItems[ theSize++ ] = x;
```

```
public boolean add( Object x ) {  
    if( theItems.length == size( ) ) {  
        Object [ ] old = theItems;  
        theItems = new Object[ theItems.length * 2 + 1 ];  
        for( int i = 0; i < size( ); i++ )  
            theItems[ i ] = old[ i ];  
    }  
    theItems[ theSize++ ] = x;  
    modCount++;  
    return true;  
}
```

# How to delete & get from an array list

```
public Object get( int idx ) {  
    if( idx < 0 || idx >= size( ) )  
        throw new  
            ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException();  
    return theItems[ idx ];  
}
```

```
public Object remove( int idx ) {  
    Object removedItem = theItems[ idx ];  
    for( int i = idx; i < size( ) - 1; i++ )  
        theItems[ i ] = theItems[ i + 1 ];  
    theSize--;  modCount++;  
    return removedItem;  
}
```

```
package weiss.util; // Fig 15.12, pg 503
public class ArrayList extends AbstractCollection
    implements List
{
    private static final int DEFAULT_CAPACITY = 10;
    private static final int NOT_FOUND = -1;
    private Object [ ] theItems;
    private int theSize;
    private int modCount = 0;
    public ArrayList( ) { clear( ); }
    public ArrayList( Collection other ) {
        clear( );
        Iterator itr = other.iterator( );
        while( itr.hasNext( ) ) add( itr.next( ) );
    }
    public int size( ) { return theSize; }
    public Object get( int idx ) {
        if( idx < 0 || idx >= size( ) )
            throw new ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException();
        return theItems[ idx ];
    }
    public Object set( int idx, Object newVal ) {
        if( idx < 0 || idx >= size( ) )
            throw new ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException();
        Object old = theItems[ idx ];
        theItems[ idx ] = newVal;
        return old;
    }
    public boolean contains( Object x ) {
        return findPos( x ) != NOT_FOUND;
    }
}
```

```
private int findPos( Object x ) {
    for( int i = 0; i < size( ); i++ )
        if( x == null ) {
            if( theItems[ i ] == null ) return i;
        } else if( x.equals( theItems[ i ] ) ) return i;
    return NOT_FOUND;
}
public boolean add( Object x ) {
    if( theItems.length == size( ) ) {
        Object [ ] old = theItems;
        theItems = new Object[ theItems.length * 2 + 1 ];
        for( int i = 0; i < size( ); i++ ) theItems[ i ] = old[ i ];
    }
    theItems[ theSize++ ] = x;
    modCount++;
    return true;
}
public boolean remove( Object x ) {
    int pos = findPos( x );
    if( pos == NOT_FOUND ) return false;
    else {
        remove( pos );
        return true;
    }
}
public Object remove( int idx ) {
    Object removedItem = theItems[ idx ];
    for( int i = idx; i < size( ) - 1; i++ )
        theItems[ i ] = theItems[ i + 1 ];
    theSize--;
    modCount++;
    return removedItem;
}
```

```
public void clear( )
{
    theSize = 0;
    theItems = new Object[ DEFAULT_CAPACITY ];
    modCount++;
}
public Iterator iterator( )
{
    return new ArrayListIterator( 0 );
}
public ListIterator listIterator( int idx )
{
    return new ArrayListIterator( idx );
}
private class ArrayListIterator implements ListIterator
{
    // See next slide
}
```

```

public Iterator iterator( ) { return new ArrayListIterator( 0 ); }
public ListIterator listIterator( int idx ) {return new ArrayListIterator( idx );}
private class ArrayListIterator implements ListIterator {
    private int current;
    private int expectedModCount = modCount;
    private boolean nextCompleted = false; private boolean prevCompleted = false;
    ArrayListIterator( int pos ) {
        if( pos < 0 || pos > size( ) ) throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException( );
        current = pos;
    }
    public boolean hasNext( ) {
        if( expectedModCount != modCount )
            throw new ConcurrentModificationException( );
        return current < size( );
    }
    public boolean hasPrevious( ) { /* OMITTED */ }
    public Object next( ) {
        if( !hasNext( ) ) throw new NoSuchElementException( );
        nextCompleted = true; prevCompleted = false;
        return theItems[ current++ ];
    }
    public Object previous( ) { /* OMITTED */ }
    public void remove( ) {
        if( expectedModCount != modCount )
            throw new ConcurrentModificationException( );
        if( nextCompleted ) ArrayList.this.remove( --current );
        else if( prevCompleted ) ArrayList.this.remove( current );
        else throw new IllegalStateException( );
        prevCompleted = nextCompleted = false; expectedModCount++;
    }
}

```

Fig 15.14 & 15.15,  
p506-507

```
package weiss.nonstandard;
class ListNode // Fig. 16.19, p526
{
    public ListNode( Object theElement ) { this( theElement, null ); }
    public ListNode( Object theElement, ListNode n ) {
        element = theElement;
        next   = n; prev = n;
    }
    public Object element;
    public ListNode next, prev;
}
```

```
public class LinkedListIterator // Fig 17.7, p543
{
    LinkedListIterator( ListNode theNode ) { current = theNode; }
    public boolean isValid( ) { return current != null; }
    public Object retrieve( )
        {return isValid( ) ? current.element : null;}
    public void advance( ) {
        if( isValid( ) ) current = current.next;
    }
    ListNode current; // Current position
}
```

# How to insert into a linked list

```
public class LinkedList  
    extends AbstractCollection  
    implements List  
{  
    private static class Node  
    {  
        // some constructors  
        public Object element;  
        public Node next, prev;  
    }  
  
    private int theSize;  
    private Node beginMarker;  
    private Node endMarker;  
  
    // ••• Other stuff here  
}
```

```
// Insert newNode after q  
newNode.next = q.next;  
q.next = newNode;  
  
newNode.prev = q;  
newNode.next.prev = newNode;  
theSize++;
```

```
public void add( int idx, Object x ) {  
    Node p = getNode( idx );  
    Node newNode = new Node( x, p.prev, p );  
    newNode.prev.next = newNode;  
    p.prev = newNode;  
    theSize++;  
    modCount++;  
}
```

# How to delete & get from a linked list

```
// Delete node after q  
q.next = q.next.next;  
  
q.next.prev = q;  
theSize-- ;  
return q;
```

```
private Object remove( Node p )  
{  
    p.next.prev = p.prev;  
    p.prev.next = p.next;  
    theSize--;  
    modCount++;  
    return p.data;  
}
```

```
p = beginMarker.next;  
for( int i = 0; i < idx; i++ )  
    p = p.next;  
return p;
```

```
private Node getNode( int idx ) {  
    Node p;  
    if( idx < 0 || idx > size( ) )  
        throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException( );  
    if( idx < size( ) / 2 ) {  
        p = beginMarker.next;  
        for( int i = 0; i < idx; i++ )  p = p.next;  
    } else {  
        p = endMarker;  
        for( int i = size( ); i > idx; i-- )  p = p.prev;  
    }  
    return p;  
}
```

```

package weiss.util;

public class LinkedList extends AbstractCollection
    implements List // Fig 17.20-26, p554-559
{
    public LinkedList( ) { clear( ); }

    public LinkedList( Collection other ) {
        clear( );
        Iterator itr = other.iterator( );
        while( itr.hasNext( ) )
            add( itr.next( ) );
    }

    public int size( ) { return theSize; }

    public boolean contains( Object x ) {
        return findPos( x ) != NOT_FOUND;
    }

    private Node findPos( Object x ) {
        for( Node p = beginMarker.next;
              p != endMarker; p = p.next )
            if( x == null ) {
                if( p.data == null ) return p;
            }
            else if( x.equals( p.data ) ) return p;
        return NOT_FOUND;
    }

    public boolean add( Object x ) {
        addLast( x );
        return true;
    }

    public void addFirst( Object x ) { add( 0, x ); }

    public void addLast( Object x ) { add( size( ), x ); }
}

```

lectu

```

public void add( int idx, Object x ) {
    Node p = getNode( idx );
    Node newNode = new Node( x, p.prev, p );
    newNode.prev.next = newNode;
    p.prev = newNode;
    theSize++;
    modCount++;
}

public Object getFirst( ) {
    if( isEmpty( ) )
        throw new NoSuchElementException();
    return getNode( 0 ).data;
}

public Object getLast( ) {
    if( isEmpty( ) )
        throw new NoSuchElementException();
    return getNode( size( ) - 1 ).data;
}

public Object get( int idx ) { return getNode( idx ).data; }

private Node getNode( int idx ) {
    Node p;
    if( idx < 0 || idx > size( ) )
        throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException();
    if( idx < size( ) / 2 ) {
        p = beginMarker.next;
        for( int i = 0; i < idx; i++ ) p = p.next;
    } else {
        p = endMarker;
        for( int i = size( ); i > idx; i-- ) p = p.prev;
    }
    return p;
}

```

```
public Object removeFirst( ) {
    if( isEmpty( ) ) throw new NoSuchElementException( );
    return remove( getNode( 0 ) );
}

public Object removeLast( ) {
    if( isEmpty( ) ) throw new NoSuchElementException( );
    return remove( getNode( size( ) - 1 ) );
}

public boolean remove( Object x ) {
    Node pos = findPos( x );
    if( pos == NOT_FOUND )  return false;
    else {
        remove( pos );
        return true;
    }
}

public Object remove( int idx ) { return remove( getNode( idx ) );}

private Object remove( Node p ) {
    p.next.prev = p.prev;
    p.prev.next = p.next;
    theSize--;
    modCount++;
    return p.data;
}

public void clear( ) {
    beginMarker = new Node( "BEGINMARKER", null, null );
    endMarker = new Node( "ENDMARKER", beginMarker, null );
    beginMarker.next = endMarker;
    theSize = 0;
    modCount++;
}
```

```

private class LinkedListIterator implements ListIterator
{
    // Fig 17.30, p562

    private Node current;
    private Node lastVisited = null;
    private boolean lastMoveWasPrev = false;
    private int expectedModCount = modCount;

    public LinkedListIterator( int idx ) {current = getNode( idx );}

    public boolean hasNext( ) {
        if( expectedModCount != modCount )
            throw new ConcurrentModificationException();
        return current != endMarker;
    }

    public Object next( ) {
        if( !hasNext() ) throw new NoSuchElementException();
        Object nextItem = current.data;
        lastVisited = current;
        current = current.next;
        lastMoveWasPrev = false;
        return nextItem;
    }

    public void remove( ) {
        if( expectedModCount != modCount )
            throw new ConcurrentModificationException();
        if( lastVisited == null ) throw new IllegalStateException();
        LinkedList.this.remove( lastVisited );
        lastVisited = null;
        if( lastMoveWasPrev )
            current = current.next;
        expectedModCount++;
    }
}

```

```

public boolean hasPrevious( )
{
    if( expectedModCount != modCount )
        throw new ConcurrentModificationException();
    return current != beginMarker.next;
}

public Object previous( )
{
    if( expectedModCount != modCount )
        throw new ConcurrentModificationException();
    if( !hasPrevious() )
        throw new NoSuchElementException();

    current = current.prev;
    lastVisited = current;
    lastMoveWasPrev = true;
    return current.data;
}

```

// Fig 17.30, page 562