

# Recursion

- **Example 1: Fibonacci Numbers**  
1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, ...

```
public static long fib(int n)
{
    if (n <= 1)
        return n;
    else
        return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2);
}
```

- **Example 2: Towers of Hanoi**

# Recursion

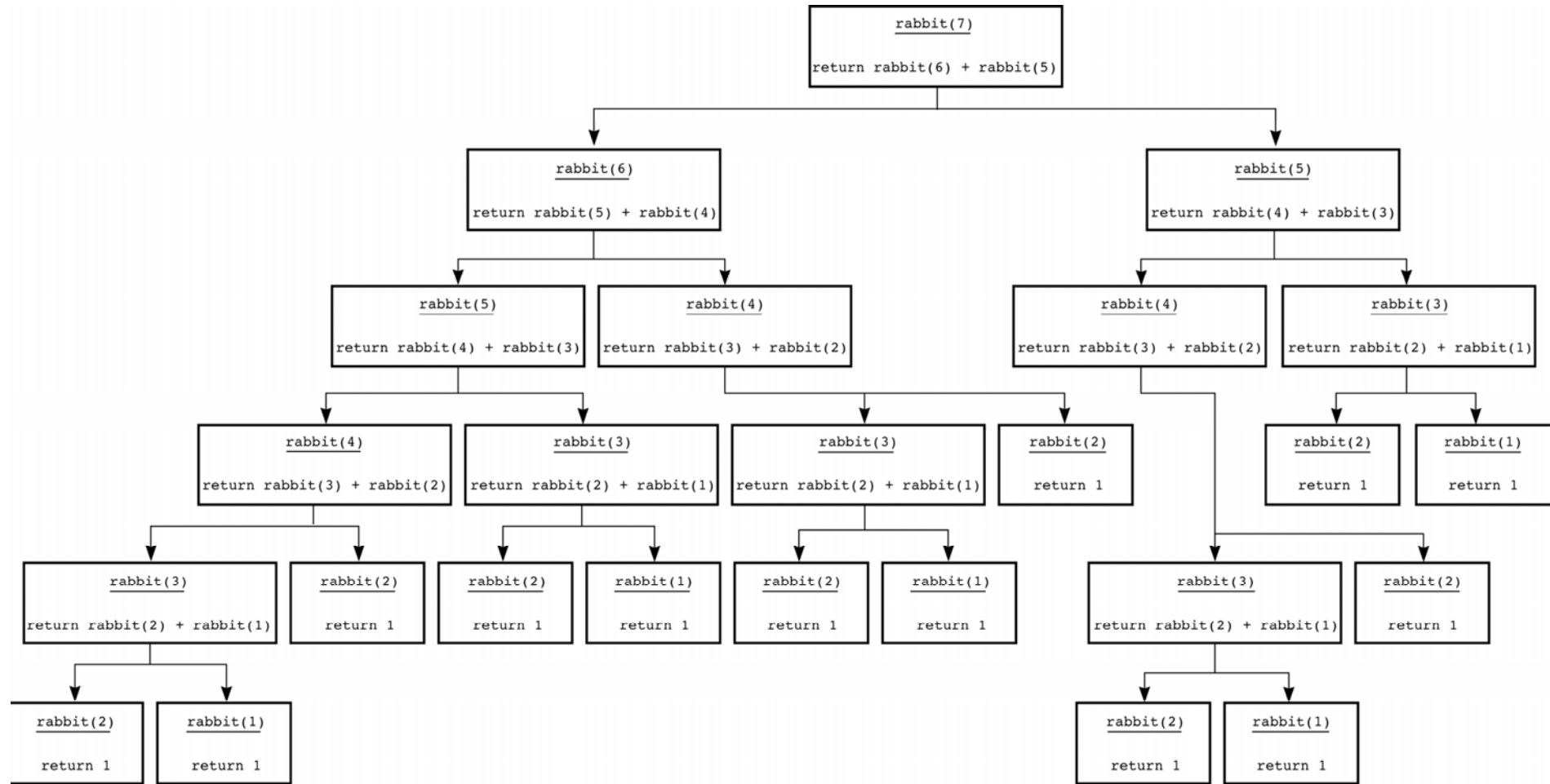
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public static long fib(int n)
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- **Example 2: Towers of Hanoi**

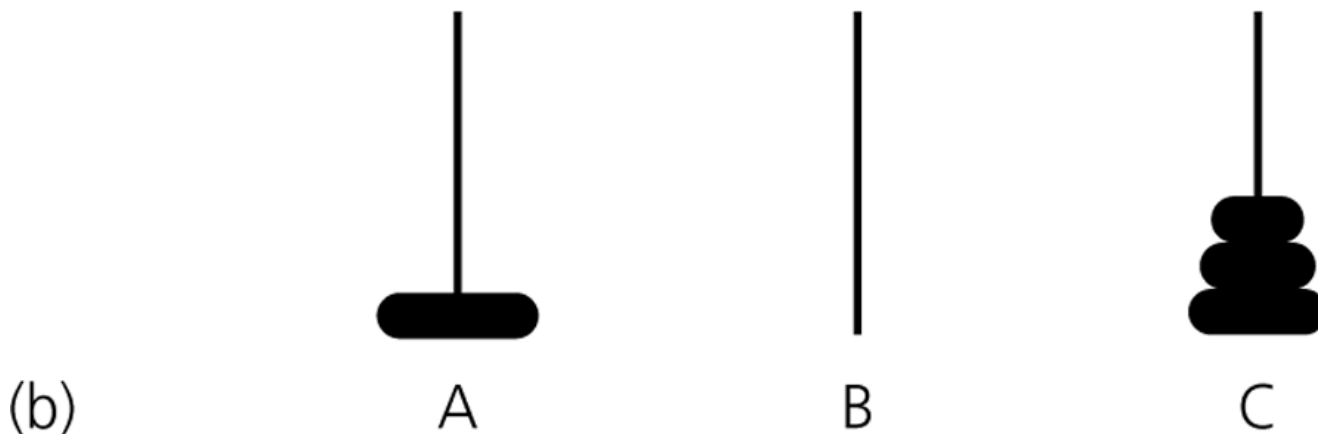
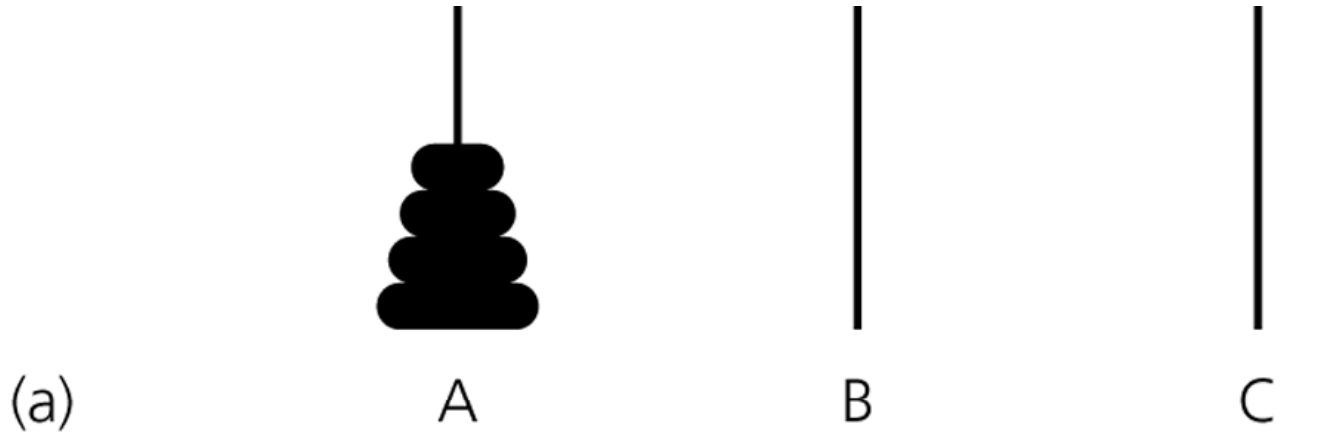
# Figure 2.11

Recursive calls that *rabbit(7)* generates



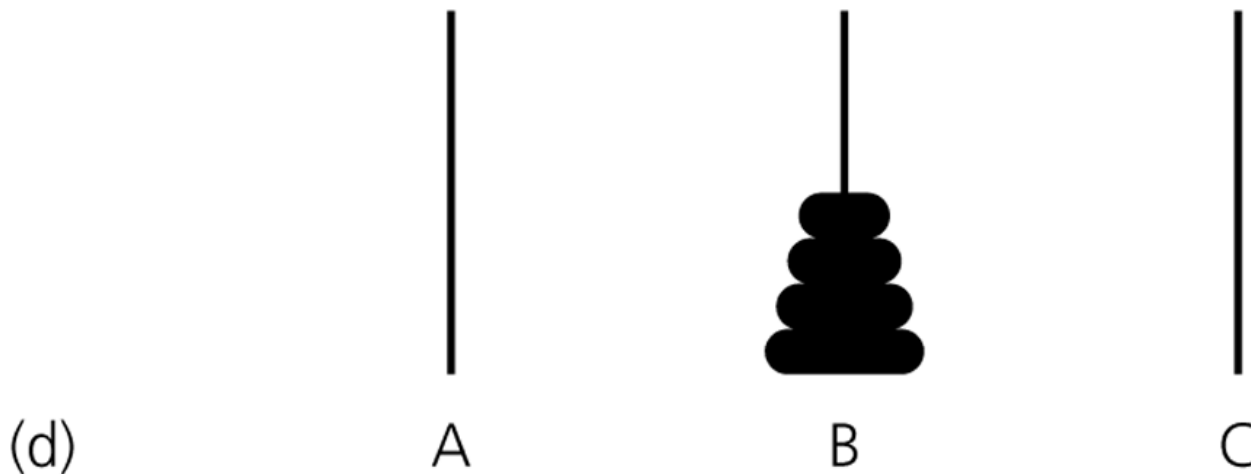
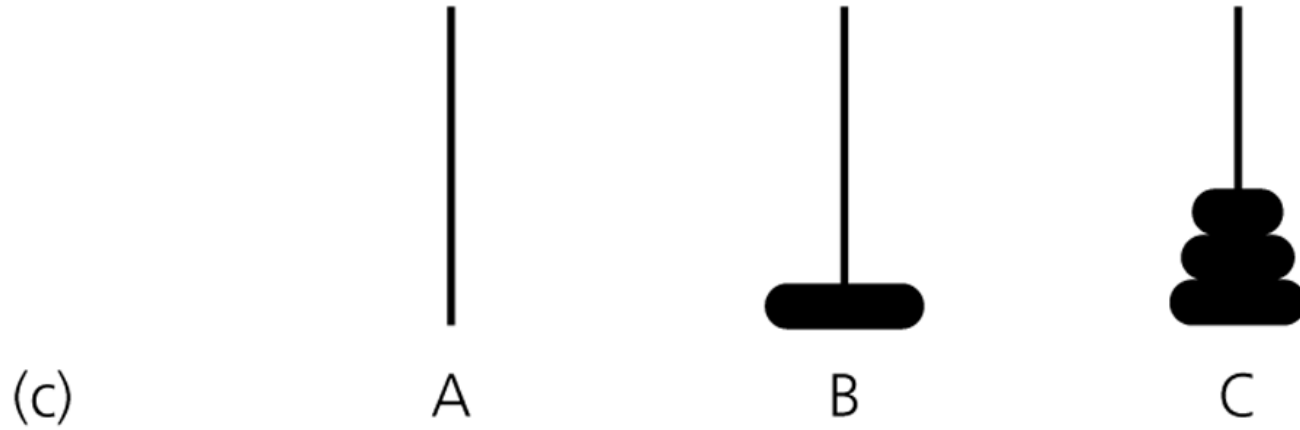
# Figure 2.19a and b

a) The initial state; b) move  $n - 1$  disks from  $A$  to  $C$



# Figure 2.19c and d

c) move one disk from *A* to *B*; d) move  $n - 1$  disks from *C* to *B*



## Sample output

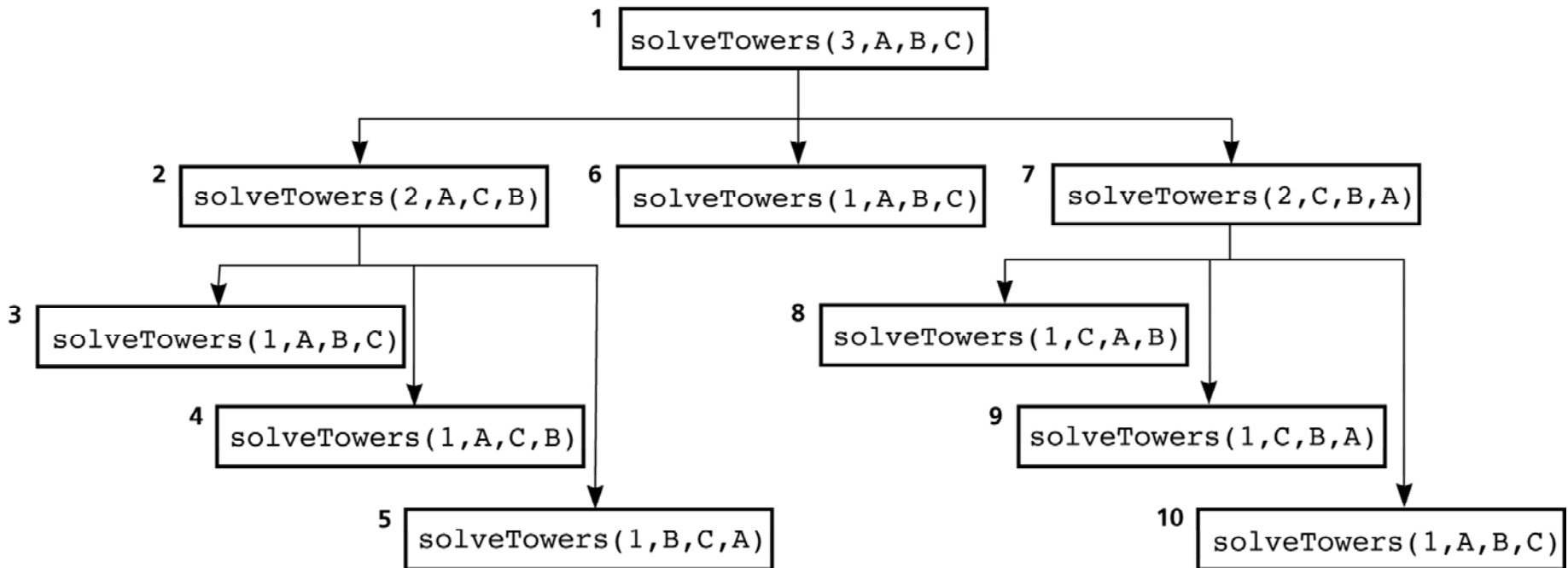
Move top disk from pole A to pole B  
Move top disk from pole A to pole C  
Move top disk from pole B to pole C  
Move top disk from pole A to pole B  
Move top disk from pole C to pole A  
Move top disk from pole C to pole B  
Move top disk from pole A to pole B

# SolveTowers Solution

```
public static void solveTowers(int count, char source,
                               char destination, char spare)
{
    if (count == 1) {
        System.out.println("Move top disk from pole " + source +
                           " to pole " + destination);
    }
    else {
        solveTowers(count-1, source, spare, destination); // X
        solveTowers(1, source, destination, spare);      // Y
        solveTowers(count-1, spare, destination, source); // Z
    } // end if
} // end solveTowers
```

# Figure 2.20

The order of recursive calls that results from `solveTowers(3, A, B, C)`





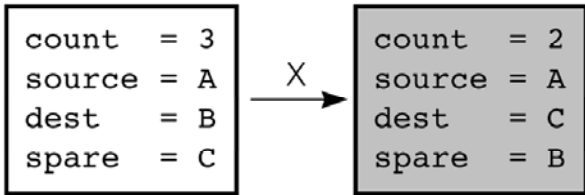
# Figure 2.21a

## Box trace of `solveTowers(3, 'A', 'B', 'C')`

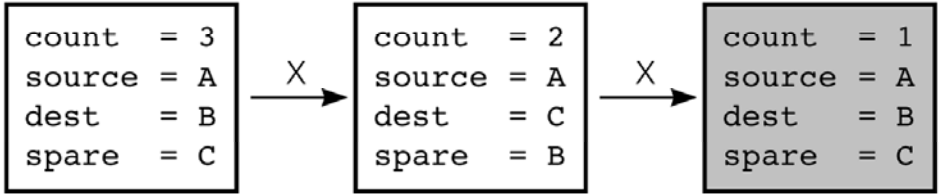
The initial call 1 is made, and `solveTowers` begins execution:

```
count = 3
source = A
dest = B
spare = C
```

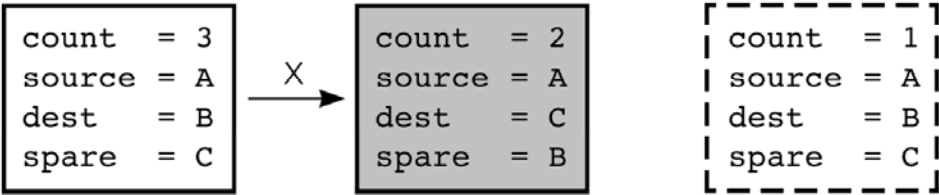
At point X, recursive call 2 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



At point X, recursive call 3 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



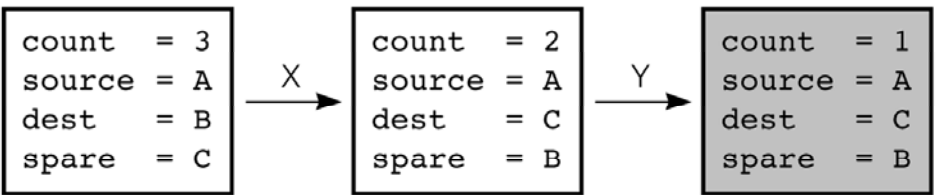
This is the base case, so a disk is moved, the return is made, and the method continues execution.



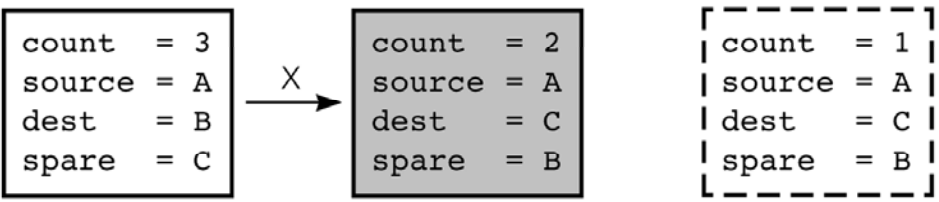
# Figure 2.21b

## Box trace of *solveTowers*(3, 'A', 'B', 'C')

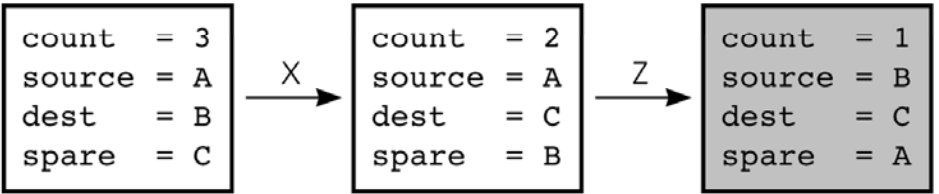
At point Y, recursive call 4 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



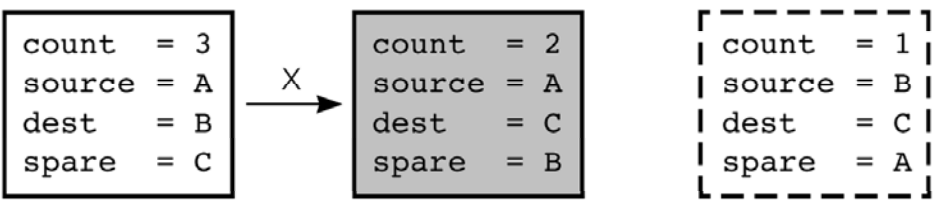
This is the base case, so a disk is moved, the return is made, and the method continues execution.



At point Z, recursive call 5 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



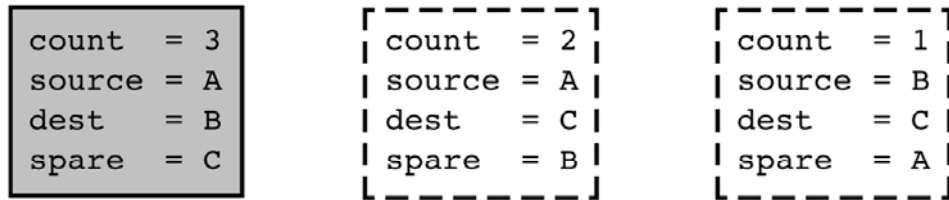
This is the base case, so a disk is moved, the return is made, and the method continues execution.



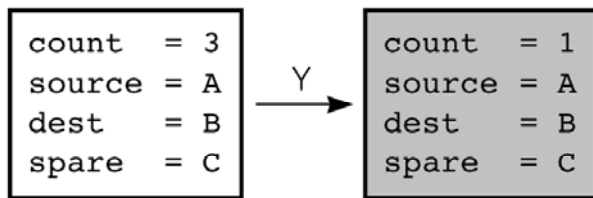
# Figure 2.21c

## Box trace of *solveTowers*(3, 'A', 'B', 'C')

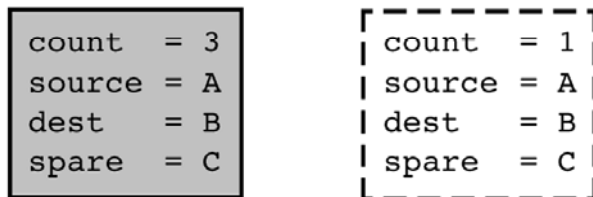
This invocation completes, the return is made, and the method continues execution.



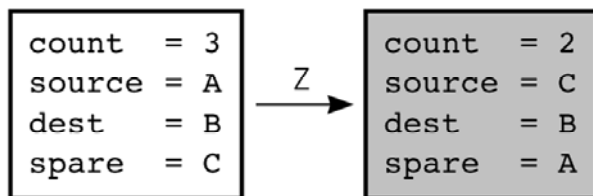
At point Y, recursive call 6 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



This is the base case, so a disk is moved, the return is made, and the method continues execution.



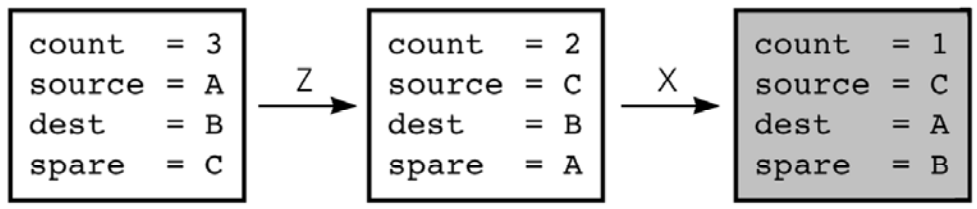
At point Z, recursive call 7 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



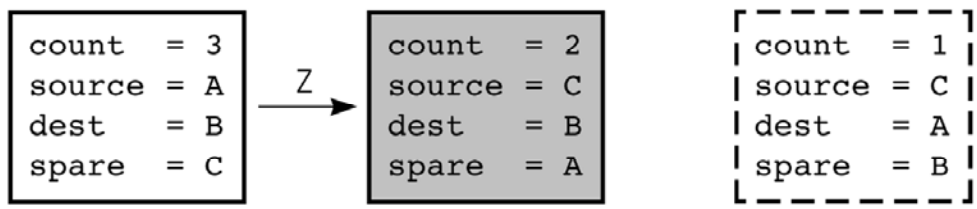
# Figure 2.21d

## Box trace of *solveTowers*(3, 'A', 'B', 'C')

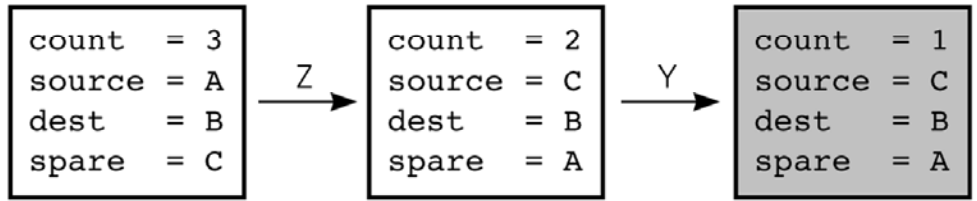
At point X, recursive call 8 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



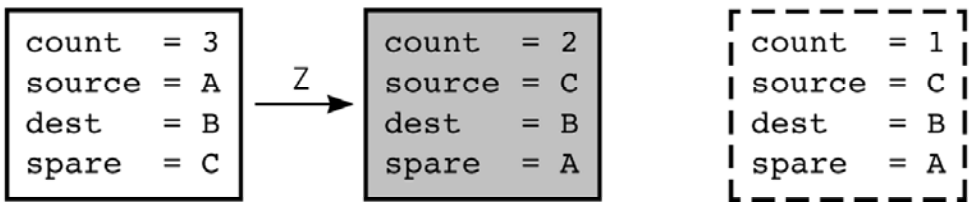
This is the base case, so a disk is moved, the return is made, and the method continues execution.



At point Y, recursive call 9 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



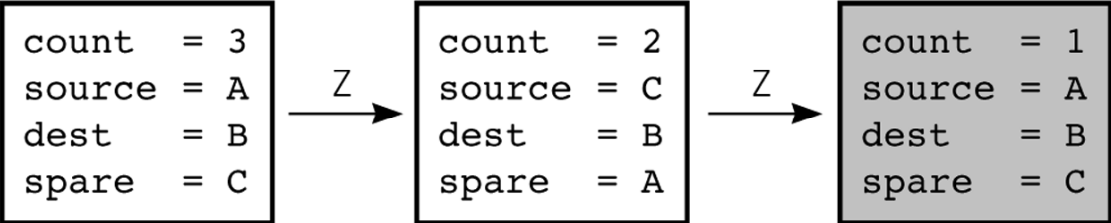
This is the base case, so a disk is moved, the return is made, and the method continues execution.



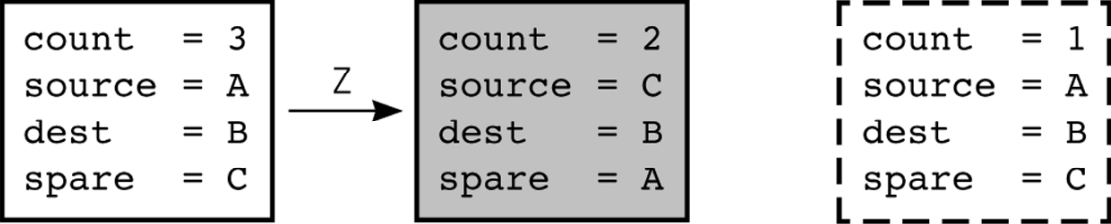
# Figure 2.21e

## Box trace of *solveTowers*(3, 'A', 'B', 'C')

At point Z, recursive call 10 is made, and the new invocation of the method begins execution:



This is the base case, so a disk is moved, the return is made, and the method continues execution.



This invocation completes, the return is made, and the method continues execution.

